American Funds® Retirement Income Portfolio – **Moderate**

Retirement Income Portfolio Series

Class A shares NBARX

Q4 fund fact sheet

Data as of December 31, 2023, unless otherwise noted

Capital | american **GROUP**[®] | FUNDS[®]

Key information

Objective:

The fund strives for the balanced accomplishment of three investment objectives: current income, long-term growth of capital and conservation of capital.

Distinguishing characteristics:

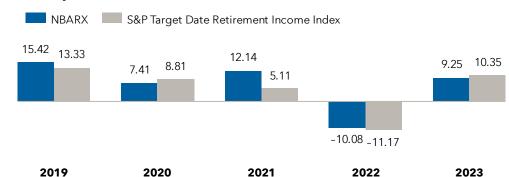
The fund will invest in a mix of American Funds in varying combinations and weightings over time. The Moderate Portfolio offers investors an intermediate investment option, with greater potential for current income and long-term growth than the Conservative Portfolio, but less volatility and downside risk relative to the Enhanced Portfolio.

Figures shown are past results and are not predictive of results in future periods. Current and future results may be lower or higher than those shown. Investing for short periods makes losses more likely. Prices and returns will vary, so investors may lose money. For current information and month-end results, visit capital group.com.

Returns shown at maximum offering price (MOP) for Class A shares reflect deduction of the 5.75% maximum sales charge.

Returns at net asset value (NAV) do not reflect a sales charge. If a sales charge had been deducted, the results would have been lower.

Calendar-year total returns (%)



Investment results

Data for periods ended 12/31/2023 (%)	Cumulative total returns ^{5,6}		Average annual total returns ^{5,7}				
	3M	YTD	1Y	3Y	5Y	10Y	Lifetime
NBARX at net asset value (NAV)	8.51	9.25	9.25	3.28	6.43	n/a	5.67
NBARX at maximum offering price (MOP)	2.30	2.99	2.99	1.25	5.19	n/a	4.93
S&P Target Date Retirement Income Index	7.39	10.35	10.35	1.00	4.90	n/a	4.24
Morningstar Moderate Allocation Category Average	8.60	13.78	13.78	3.43	8.16	n/a	6.51

Fund's annualized 30-day SEC yield: 2.72 (at MOP as of 12/31/2023)

Key facts	
Inception date	08/28/2015
CUSIP	02631L 84 1
Assets (millions)	\$1,412.70
12-month distribution rate ¹	2.97%
Morningstar category	Moderate Allocation
Key statistics	
Companies/Issuers	2340
Effective duration (years)	4.81
Expenses	
Expense ratio ²	0.60%
Risk measures	
	5 years
Standard deviation	10.05
Beta	0.79
R-squared	93%
Asset mix (%) ³	
U.S. Equities	35.1
Non-U.S. Equities	16.1
U.S. Bonds	38.2
Non-U.S. Bonds	5.4
Cash & Equivalents ⁴	5.3
Total	100%
Equity sector breakdown ((%) ³
Energy	3.9
Materials	2.3
Industrials	5.8
Consumer Discretionary	3.3
Consumer Staples	5.4
Health Care	7.1

Industrials	5.8
Consumer Discretionary	3.3
Consumer Staples	5.4
Health Care	7.1
Financials	7.9
Information Technology	7.9
Communication Services	2.9
Utilities	2.8
Real Estate	1.9

Investments are not FDIC-insured, nor are they deposits of or guaranteed by a bank or any other entity, so they may lose value.

Investors should carefully consider investment objectives, risks, charges and expenses. This and other important information is contained in the fund prospectuses and summary prospectuses, which can be obtained from a financial professional and should be read carefully before investing. This material must be preceded or accompanied by a prospectus or summary prospectus for the fund(s) being offered.

Payments consisting of return of capital will result in a decrease in an investor's fund share balance. Higher rates of withdrawal and withdrawals during declining markets may result in a more rapid decrease in an investor's fund share balance. Persistent returns of capital could ultimately result in a zero account balance.

Underlying funds (%)	
Growth and income	12.1
American Mutual Fund®	5.0
Capital World Growth and Income Fund®	7.0
Equity income	38.1
Capital Income Builder®	14.0
The Income Fund of America®	24.0
Balanced	20.1
American Balanced Fund®	15.0
American Funds® Global Balanced Fund	5.0
Income	29.8
American Funds Inflation Linked Bond Fund®	4.9
American Funds® Multi-Sector Income Fund	9.0
American Funds® Strategic Bond Fund	6.0
The Bond Fund of America®	5.0
U.S. Government Securities Fund®	5.0

Rating exposure (%) ³	
U.S. Treasuries/Agencies	10.7
AAA/Aaa	12.4
AA/Aa	1.9
A	4.7
BBB/Baa	6.2
BB/Ba	4.1
В	2.0
CCC/Caa & Below	0.5
Unrated	0.9
Other	51.2
Cash & Equivalents ⁸	5.3

Bond ratings, which typically range from AAA/Aaa (highest) to D (lowest), are assigned by credit rating agencies such as Standard & Poor's, Moody's and/or Fitch, as an indication of an issuer's creditworthiness. For most funds, unless otherwise noted below, if agency ratings differ, a security will be considered to have received the highest of those ratings, consistent with applicable investment policies. Securities in the Unrated category have not been rated by a rating agency; however, the investment adviser performs its own credit analysis and assigns comparable ratings that are used for compliance with applicable investment policies. Bond ratings for the American Funds Portfolio Series relate to the securities held by the portfolios' underlying mutual funds, and if agency ratings of those holdings differ, the security will be considered to have received the highest of those ratings.

The use of derivatives involves a variety of risks, which may be different from, or greater than, the risks associated with investing in traditional securities, such as stocks and bonds.

Fund shares of U.S. Government Securities Fund are not guaranteed by the U.S. government.

Allocations may not achieve investment objectives. The portfolios' risks are related to the risks of the underlying funds as described herein, in proportion to their allocations.

Lower rated bonds are subject to greater fluctuations in value and risk of loss of income and principal than higher rated bonds.

The return of principal for bond funds and for funds with significant underlying bond holdings is not guaranteed. Fund shares are subject to the same interest rate, inflation and credit risks associated with the underlying bond holdings.

While not directly correlated to changes in interest rates, the values of inflation-linked bonds generally fluctuate in response to changes in real interest rates and may experience greater losses than other debt securities with similar durations.

Investing outside the United States involves risks, such as currency fluctuations, periods of illiquidity and price volatility. These risks may be heightened in connection with investments in developing countries. There may have been periods when the results lagged the index(es) and/or average(s). The indexes are unmanaged and, therefore, have no expenses. Investors cannot invest directly in an index.

Each S&P Index ("Index") shown is a product of S&P Dow Jones Indices LLC and/or its affiliates and has been licensed for use by Capital Group. Copyright © 2024 S&P Dow Jones Indices LLC, a division of S&P Global, and/or its affiliates. All rights reserved. Redistribution or reproduction in whole or in part is prohibited without written permission of S&P Dow Jones Indices LLC.

All Capital Group trademarks mentioned are owned by The Capital Group Companies, Inc., an affiliated company or fund. All other company and product names mentioned are the property of their respective companies.

Portfolios are managed, so holdings will change.

Totals may not reconcile due to rounding.

Investment results assume all distributions are reinvested and reflect applicable fees and expenses.

When applicable, results reflect fee waivers and/or expense reimbursements, without which they would have been lower and net expenses higher. Please refer to capital group.com for more information. For more information on fee waivers and expense reimbursements, visit capital group.com.

- The distribution rate reflects the fund's past dividends paid to shareholders and may differ from the fund's SEC yield. It reflects fee waivers and/or expense reimbursements in effect during the period. Without waivers and/or reimbursements, it would be reduced.
- 2. Expense ratios are as of each fund's prospectus available at the time of publication.
- 3. Figures are based on holdings of the underlying funds, if applicable, as of date shown.
- 4. Cash and equivalents includes cash, short-term securities, other assets less liabilities, accruals, derivatives and forwards. It may also include investments in money market or similar funds managed by the investment adviser or its affiliates that are not offered to the public.
- 5. When applicable, returns for less than one year are not annualized, but calculated as cumulative total returns
- 6. YTD (year-to-date return): For the period from January 1 of the current year to the date shown or from inception date if first offered after January 1 of the current year.
- 7. Index and/or average lifetime is based on inception date of the fund.
- 8. Cash and equivalents includes cash, short-term securities, and other assets less liabilities. It may also include investments in money market or similar funds managed by the investment adviser or its affiliates that are not offered to the public.

American Funds Distributors, Inc.

This content, developed by Capital Group, home of American Funds, should not be used as a primary basis for investment decisions and is not intended to serve as impartial investment or fiduciary advice.

© 2024 Morningstar, Inc. All Rights Reserved. Some of the information contained herein: (1) is proprietary to Morningstar and/or its content providers; (2) may not be copied or distributed; and (3) is not warranted to be accurate, complete or timely. Neither Morningstar, its content providers nor Capital Group are responsible for any damages or losses arising from any use of this information. Past performance is no guarantee of future results. Information is calculated by Morningstar. Due to differing calculation methods, the figures shown here may differ from those calculated by Capital Group.

Bond Statistic Effective Duration in Years: Effective duration is a duration calculation for bonds that takes into account that expected cash flows will fluctuate as interest rates change. Standard Deviation: Annualized standard deviation (based on monthly returns) is a common measure of absolute volatility that tells how returns over time have varied from the mean. A lower number signifies lower volatility. Distribution Rate 12-Month: The income per share paid by the fund over the past 12 months to an investor from dividends (including any special dividends). The distribution rate is expressed as a percentage of the current price. Yield Annualized 30-Day SEC: The 30-day SEC yield reflects the rate at which the fund is earning income on its current portfolio of securities calculated according to the standardized SEC formula; when applicable, it reflects the maximum sales charge. If shown, a net yield reflects fee waivers and/or expense reimbursements in effect during the period. Without waivers and/or reimbursements, the yield would be reduced. Gross yield does not adjust for any fee waivers and/or expense reimbursements in effect. S&P Target Date Retirement Income Index: The S&P Target Date Retirement Income Index, a component of the S&P Target Date Index Series, has an asset allocation and glide path that represent a market consensus across the universe of target date fund managers. The index is fully investable, with varying levels of exposure to the asset classes determined during an annual survey process of target date funds' holdings. This index is unmanaged, and its results include reinvested dividends and/or distributions but do not reflect the effect of sales charges, commissions, account fees, expenses or U.S. federal income taxes. Morningstar Category: In an effort to classify funds by what they own, as well as by their prospectus objectives and styles, Morningstar developed Morningstar Categories. While the prospectus objective identifies a fund's investment goals based on the wording in the fund prospectus, the Morningstar Category identifies funds based on their actual investment styles as measured by their underlying portfolio holdings (portfolio and other statistics over the past three years). R-Squared: R-squared is a measure of the correlation between a particular return and that of a benchmark index. A measure of 100 indicates that all of the return can be explained by movements in the benchmark. Generally the higher the R-squared measure, the more reliable the beta measurement will be. Beta: Beta relatively measures sensitivity to market movements over a specified period of time. The beta of the market (represented by the benchmark index) is equal to 1; a beta higher than 1 implies that a return was more volatile than the market. A beta lower than 1 suggests that a return was less volatile than the market. Generally the higher the R-squared measure, the more reliable the beta measurement will be.

